INDIA
Moving up the trade facilitation ladder
towards seamless international supply chains

The level of implementation of trade facilitation measures in India (64%) is above the level in Asia-Pacific (46.5%). It also exceeds the level of implementation in South and South-West (42%). Among the five core groups of trade facilitation measures, the most implemented trade in India are “Transparency” measures (86.7%). The least implemented are “Cross-border paperless trade” measures (38.9%). “Transit” measures are also well implemented (88.9%).

Implementation of “Transparency” measures is above both the regional and sub-regional averages. The measures least implemented in this area in India are Stakeholder consultations on draft regulations and Advance publication of regulation before implementation. Implementation of improved “Formalities” is higher than both the regional and sub-regional averages. The least implemented measure in this area is Publication of average release times.

In “Paperless trade”, India’s implementation is above the regional and sub-regional average. E-Single window, E-submission of Customs declarations, E-Trade licenses, E-Preferential Certificate of Origin and E-Application for Customs refunds are least implemented.

India may focus its trade facilitation efforts in particular on implementation of “Institutional arrangement and cooperation” measures, as well as on moving towards “Cross-border paperless trade”.

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