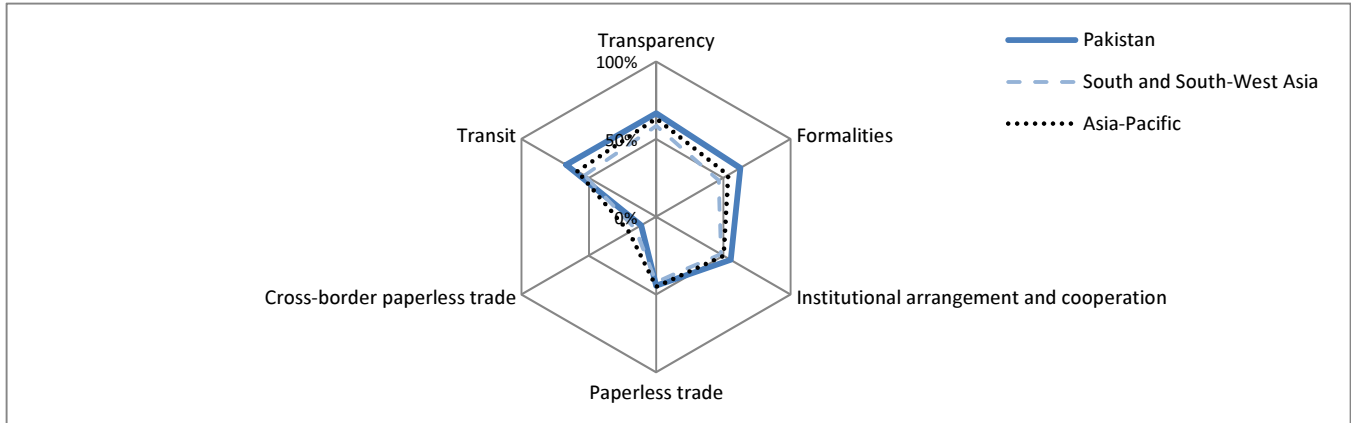
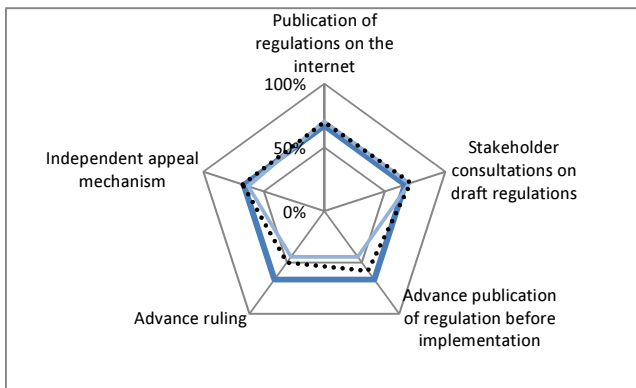


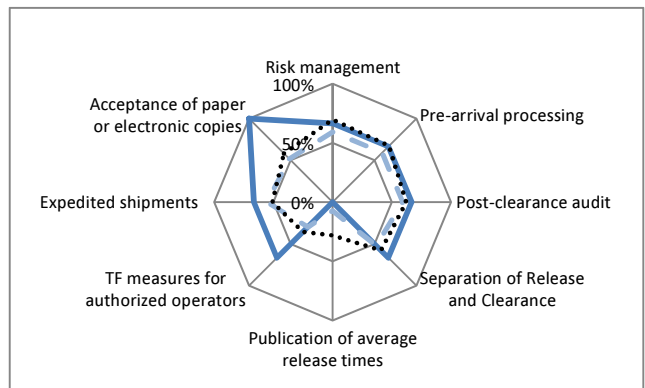
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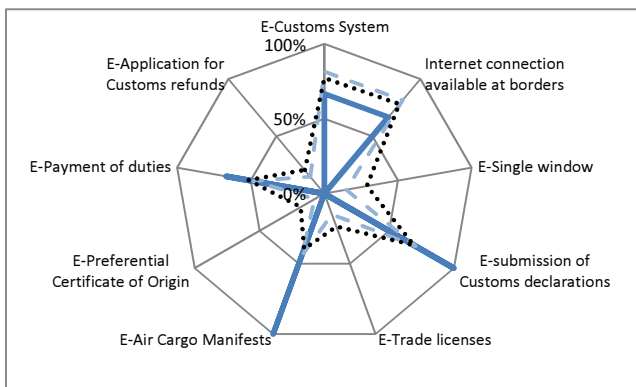
Transparency



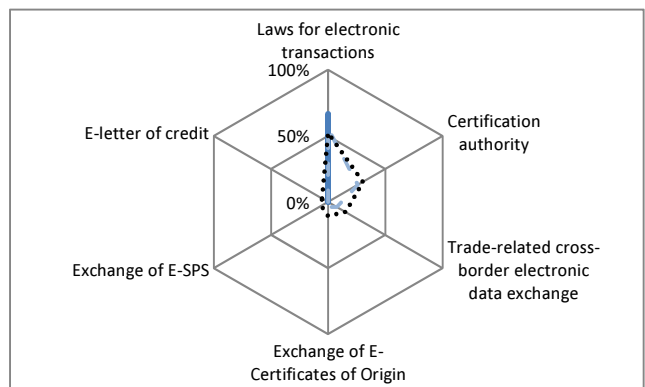
Formalities



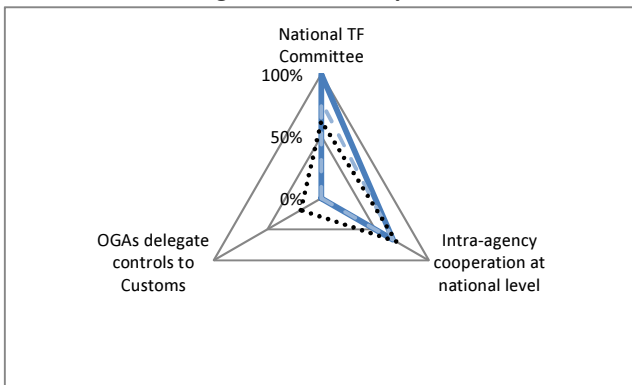
Paperless trade



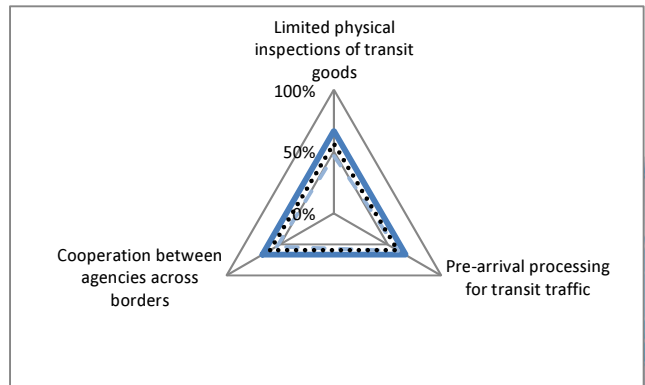
Cross-border paperless trade



Institutional arrangement and cooperation



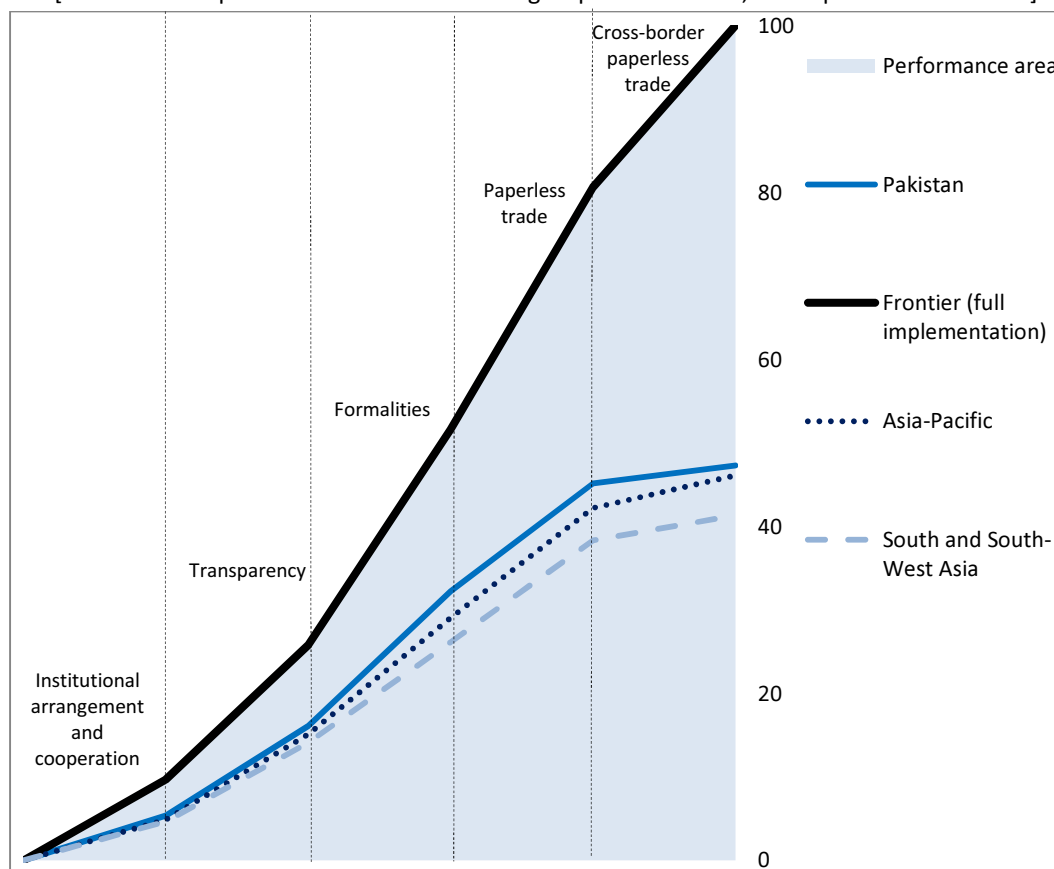
Transit



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Moving up the trade facilitation ladder towards seamless international supply chains

[Cumulative implementation scores of core groups of measures; full implementation =100]



The level of implementation of trade facilitation measures in Pakistan (48%) is above the level in Asia-Pacific (46.5%). It also exceeds the level of implementation in South and South-West Asia (42%). Among the five core groups of trade facilitation measures, the most implemented in Pakistan are “Transparency” measures (66.7%). The least implemented are “Cross-border paperless trade” measures (11.1%). “Transit” measures are well implemented (66.7%).

Implementation of “Transparency” measures is above both the regional and sub-regional averages. These are evenly implemented across all “Transparency” measures. Implementation of improved “Formalities” is higher than both the regional and sub-regional averages. The least implemented measure in this area is *Publication of average release times*.

In “Paperless trade”, Pakistan’s implementation is below the regional average but above the sub-regional average. *E-Single window, E-Trade licenses, E-Preferential Certificate of Origin* and *E-Application for Customs refunds* are least implemented.

Pakistan may focus its trade facilitation efforts in particular on full implementation of “Paperless trade” measures, as well as on moving towards “Cross-border paperless trade”.