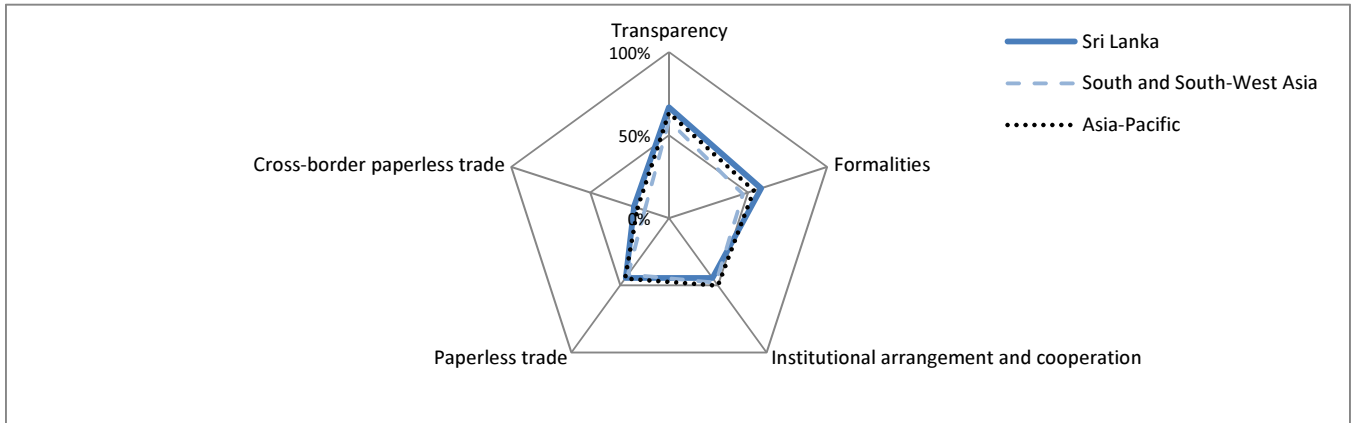
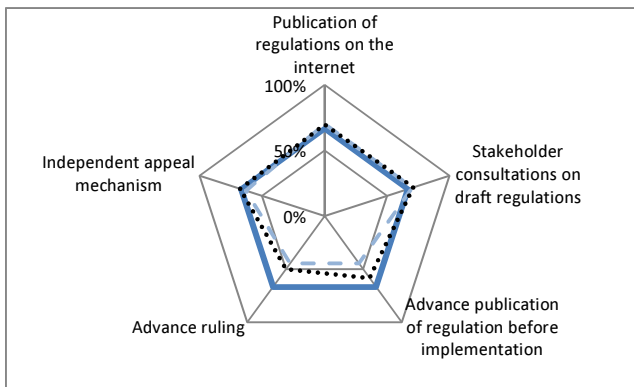


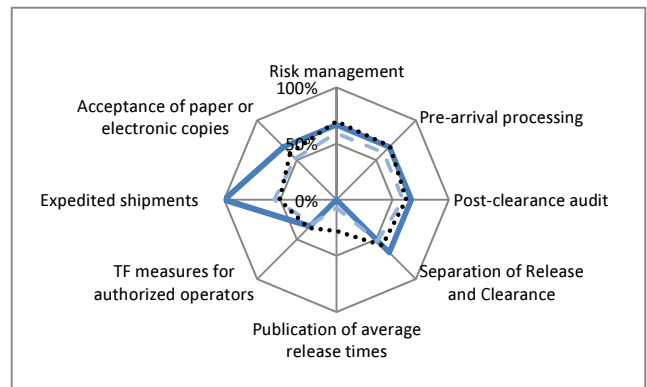
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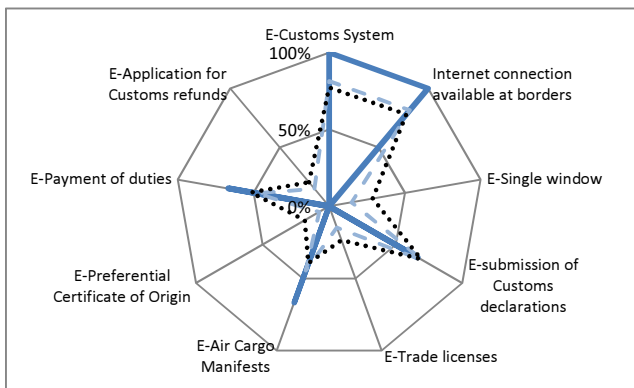
Transparency



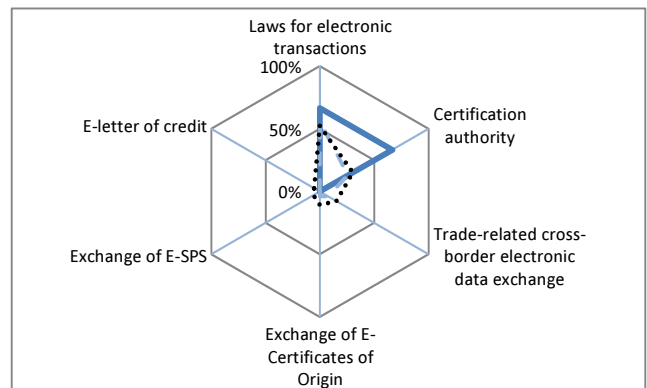
Formalities



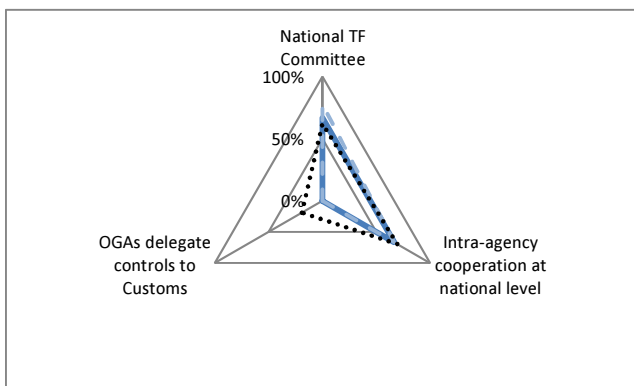
Paperless trade



Cross-border paperless trade



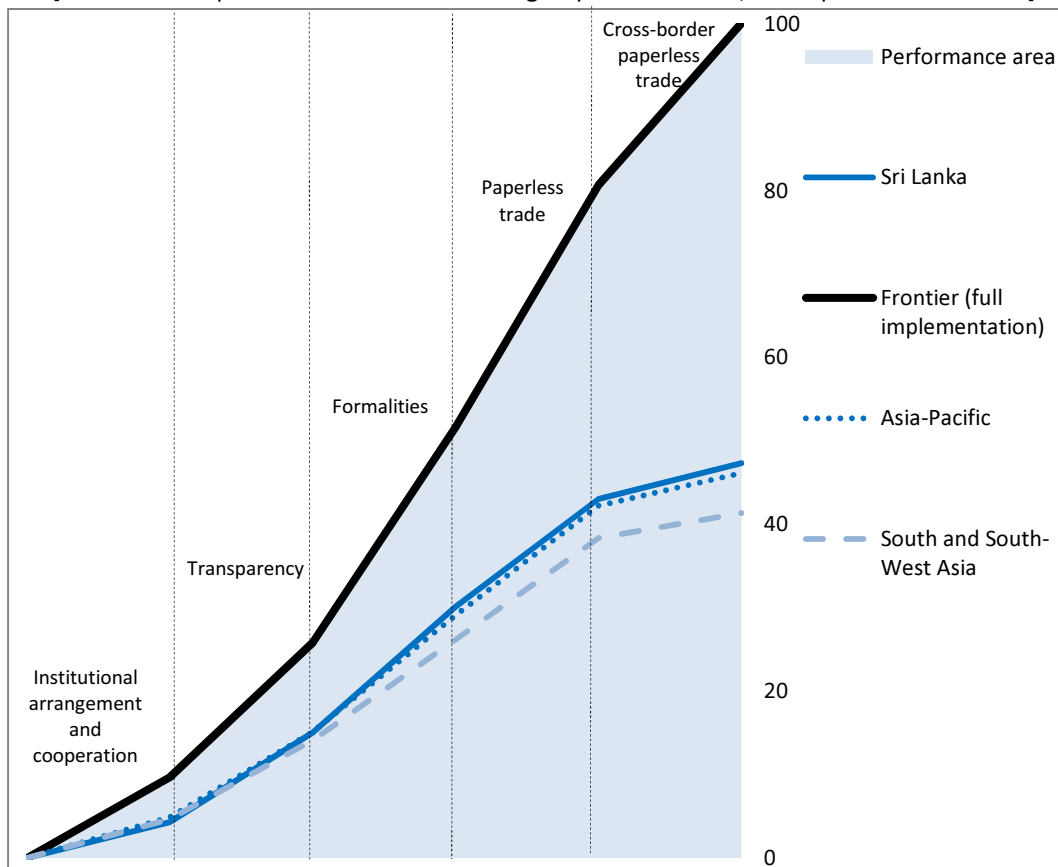
Institutional arrangement and cooperation



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Moving up the trade facilitation ladder towards seamless international supply chains

[Cumulative implementation scores of core groups of measures; full implementation =100]



The level of implementation of trade facilitation measures in Sri Lanka (47%) is above the level in Asia-Pacific (46.5%). It also exceeds the level of implementation in South and South-West Asia (42%). Among the five core groups of trade facilitation measures, the most implemented in Sri Lanka are “Transparency” measures (66.7%). The least implemented are “Cross-border paperless trade” measures (22.2%).

Implementation of “Transparency” measures is above both the regional and sub-regional averages. These are evenly implemented across all “Transparency” measures. Implementation of improved “Formalities” is higher than both the regional and sub-regional averages. The least implemented measure in this area is *Publication of average release times*.

In “Paperless trade”, Sri Lanka’s implementation is below the regional average but above the sub-regional average. *E-Single window*, *E-Trade licenses*, *E-Preferential Certificate of Origin* and *E-Application for Customs refunds* are least implemented.

Sri Lanka may focus its trade facilitation efforts in particular on full implementation of “Institutional arrangement and cooperation” and “Paperless trade” measures, as well as on moving towards “Cross-border paperless trade”.